§ 60.292

With modified-processes means using any technique designed to minimize emissions without the use of add-on pollution controls.

Wool fiberglass means fibrous glass of random texture, including fiberglass insulation, and other products listed in SIC 3296.

[45 FR 66751, Oct. 7, 1980, as amended at 49 FR 41035, Oct. 19, 1984; 65 FR 61759, Oct. 17, 2000]

§ 60.292 Standards for particulate matter.

- (a) On and after the date on which the performance test required to be conducted by §60.8 is completed, no owner or operator of a glass melting furnace subject to the provisions of this subpart shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere—
- (1) From any glass melting furnace fired exclusively with either a gaseous fuel or a liquid fuel, particulate matter at emission rates exceeding those specified in table CC-1, Column 2 and Column 3, respectively, or
- (2) From any glass melting furnace, fired simultaneously with gaseous and liquid fuels, particulate matter at emission rates exceeding STD as specified by the following equation:

STD=X [1.3(Y)+(Z)]

Where:

- STD=Particulate matter emission limit, g of particulate/kg (lb of particulate/ton) of glass produced.
- X=Emission rate specified in table CC-1 for furnaces fired with gaseous fuel (Column 2).
- Y=Decimal fraction of liquid fuel heating value to total (gaseous and liquid) fuel heating value fired in the glass melting furnaces as determined in §60.296(b). (joules/joules).

Z=(1-Y).

- (b) Conversion of a glass melting furnace to the use of liquid fuel is not considered a modification for the purposes of §60.14.
- (c) Rebricking and the cost of rebricking is not considered a reconstruction for the purposes of §60.15.
- (d) An owner or operator of an experimental furnace is not subject to the requirements of this section.
- (e) During routine maintenance of add-on pollution controls, an owner or operator of a glass melting furnace subject to the provisions of paragraph

- (a) of this section is exempt from the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section if:
- (1) Routine maintenance in each calendar year does not exceed 6 days;
- (2) Routine maintenance is conducted in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions; and
- (3) A report is submitted to the Administrator 10 days before the start of the routine maintenance (if 10 days cannot be provided, the report must be submitted as soon as practicable) and the report contains an explanation of the schedule of the maintenance.

TABLE CC-1—Emission Rates [g of particulate/kg of glass produced]

Col. 1—Glass manufacturing plant in- dustry segment	Col. 2— Furnace fired with gaseous fuel	Col. 3— Furnace fired with liq- uid fuel
Container glass	0.1	0.13
Pressed and blown glass (a) Borosilicate Recipes	0.5	0.65
(b) Soda-Lime and Lead Recipes	0.5	0.03
(c) Other-Than Borosilicate, Soda- Lime, and Lead Recipes (includ- ing opal, fluoride, and other rec-	0.1	0.13
ipes)	0.25	0.325
Wool fiberglass	0.25	0.325
Flat glass	0.225	0.225

 $[45~\mathrm{FR}~66751,~\mathrm{Oct.}~7,~1980,~\mathrm{as}$ amended at 49 FR 41035, Oct. 19, 1984; 54 FR 6674, Feb. 14, 1989; 65 FR 61759, Oct. 17, 2000]

§ 60.293 Standards for particulate matter from glass melting furnace with modified-processes.

- (a) An owner or operator of a glass melting furnaces with modified-processes is not subject to the provisions of §60.292 if the affected facility complies with the provisions of this section.
- (b) On and after the date on which the performance test required to be conducted by §60.8 is completed, no owner or operator of a glass melting furnace with modified-processes subject to the provisions of this subpart shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from the affected facility:
- (1) Particulate matter at emission rates exceeding 0.5 gram of particulate per kilogram of glass produced (g/kg) as measured according to paragraph (e) of this section for container glass, flat